Representation Matters

Name(s) Period Date

Activity Guide - Representation Matters



Recommending a Meal

You and your group will be recommending meals for several people based on a set of data. Each person will tell you something to help you decide which meal is the best. You'll need to work with your group to recommend a meal, then explain your choice based on the data that you have been given. Your data is on a separate page.

"I am allergic to eggs."	"My doctor said to eat less sodium."
What meal does your group recommend?	What meal does your group recommend?
Explain your choice using your data.	Explain your choice using your data.
"I'm trying to save money."	"I want to post a nice picture of it online."
What meal does your group recommend?	What meal does your group recommend?
Explain your choice using your data.	Explain your choice using your data.
Which recommendation was the easiest to make?	
What about the data made it easy?	

Patterns and Representation

Name(s)) Period	Date

Activity Guide - Representing Information



Challenge

You need to create rules that let you represent any word you want using a single stack of cards. Another person should be able to use the rules you write on this activity guide to read the words represented by your stack of cards without talking to you.

How to Make a Stack

Place cards in a single neat stack, all face up and in the same direction. The first card should be on top.

Representing Letters

Write how each letter will be i	represented below.	
A:	J:	S:
B:	K:	T:
C:	L:	U:
D:	M:	V:
E:	N:	W:
F:	O:	X:
G:	P:	Y:
H:	Q:	Z:
l:	R:	
Your Rules:		

Make Your Message

Choose a word and make a stack of cards that uses your rules to represent that word. Leave it next to this activity guide and then switch with another group to see if you can decode their message.



ASCII and Binary Representation

M = = / = \	D - vi - d	D - 1 -
Name(s)	Period	Date

Activity Guide - ASCII Text



Why Binary?

In order to input, output, store, and process information computers need to represent it first. Engineers used the tools they had at hand, which was wires carrying electricity. It's easy to tell if a wire does or doesn't have electricity flowing through it, so engineers needed a system based on just two states electricity, or no electricity, or in other words on / off.

ASCII

There's lots of possible binary systems for representing the letters in binary information, but the most popular is called ASCII. You can see the way patterns of ons and offs represent each letter in the table below.

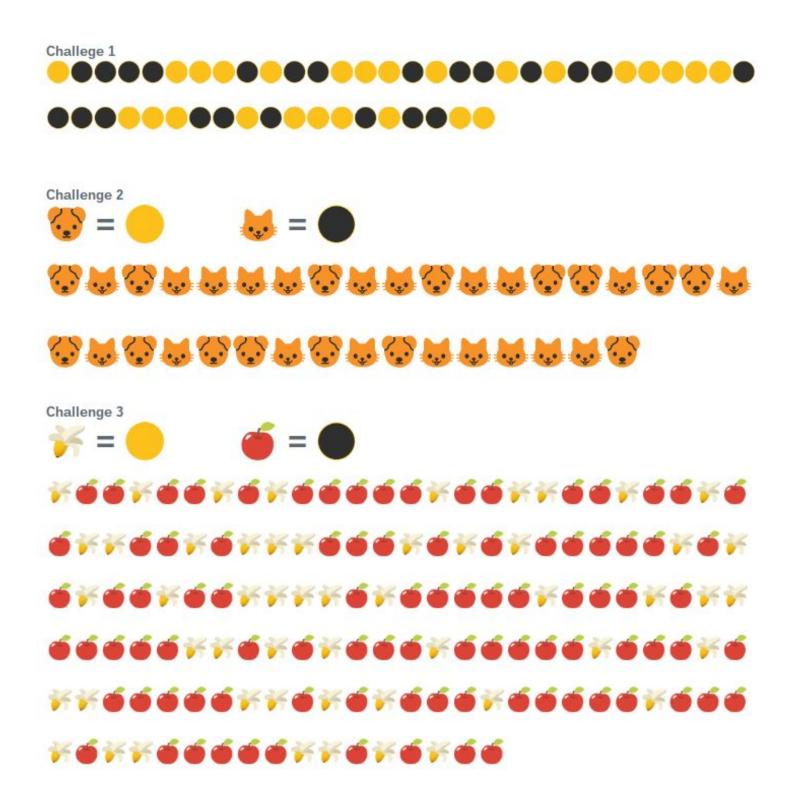
Binary: anything that can only be one of two options **ASCII:** a popular system for representing text in binary

Α	000000
В	000000
С	•••••
D	000000
E	000000
F	••••••
G	•••••
Н	••••••
I	•••••
J	•••••
K	000000
L	000000
М	000000

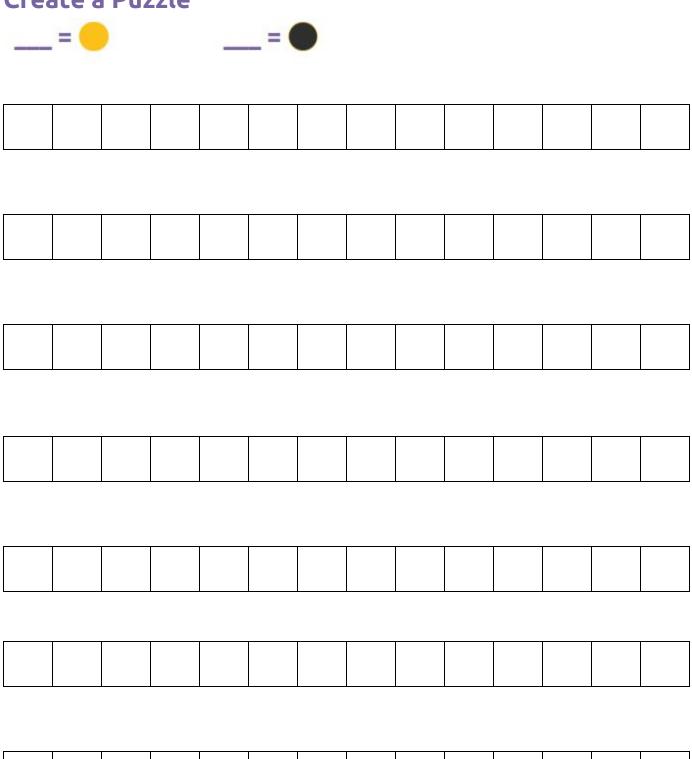
N	000000
0	000000
Р	000000
Q	000000
R	000000
S	000000
Т	000000
U	000000
V	000000
W	000000
X	000000
Υ	000000
Z	•••••
(space)	000000

Challenge

In each of the challenges below the ASCII system has been used to represent a **secret message**. Luckily you now know the ASCII system so you're going to be able to decode the messages. Each challenge is representing the letters in a different way though.



Create a Puzzle



Representing Images

Representing Numbers

Activity Guide - Representing Numbers

Binary Number Cards

Work with your group to figure out which cards should be face up or face down to get the correct number of dots. Put a "U" under a card that should be face up and a "D" under a card that should be face down. The first one has been done for you.

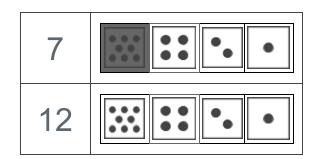
How many dots?	***	••	••	•
13	U	U	٥	V
5				
10				
2				

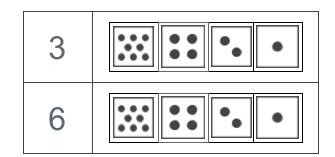
What's the lowest number you can make?

What's the highest number you can make?

Using the Pattern

You can use the same pattern even without the cards. Shade over the cards you do NOT want to use to make your number. The first one has been done for you.

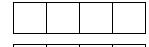




You can use the same pattern even without the dots! Answer the questions by shading in the squares.

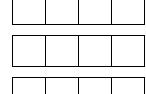
1. How many legs does an insect have?







3. How many sisters and brothers do you have?



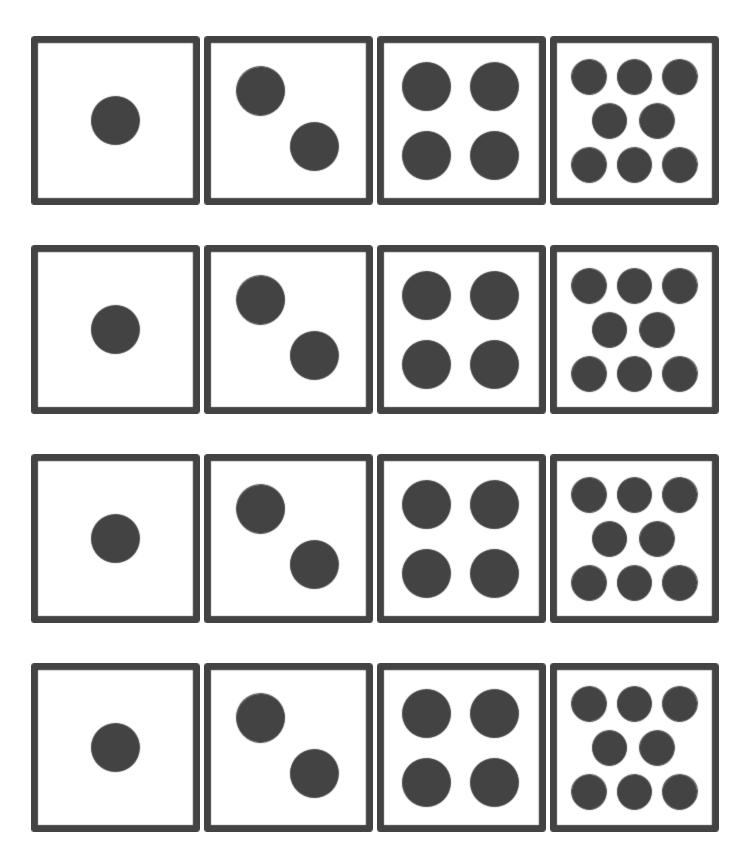
4. Make up a question...

2. What grade are you in?

Use the online widget to help you answer the following questions. 5-bit Numbers In this 5-bit system for binary numbers, 2 1 what number should go in the left-most box? 2. How would you make... 16? 27? 31? 6-bit Numbers 1. In a 6-bit number system, what's the biggest number that you can make? 2. The record for most skips by a dog and person in one minute is 59. How would you encode 59 in binary? **Decoding Multiple Numbers** 1. What is the most number of people lifted and thrown in two minutes? 2. What is the most canned drinks opened by a parrot in one minute? 3. How many inches is the longest tail on a dog? 4. What's the most number of spoons balanced on someone's face? 5. How many feet long is the longest wind chime? 6. What's the furthest flight, in feet, of an arrow shot with someone's feet? Reflection Why is it important to have a set bit length for your numbers when you send information in binary? Use the 8-bit binary system to send a question and binary answer to a classmate. Question:

Answer:

Each group will need one set of number cards.



Keeping Data Secret

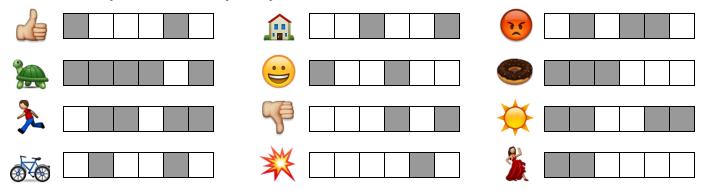
Name(s)	Period	Date
rainc(s)	i Cilou	Date

A 4 • •	• • •	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Data Secret
ACTIVIT	V CIUda -	KAADIDA	Mara Sacrat
ALLIVIL	v duide -	NECUIIG	Data Secte

С	0
D	Е

Encoding and Decoding

Here are the binary codes for the emojis that you will use in this lesson.



Use the chart above to decode the following message:



Encryption and Decryption

Here's a message that has been **encrypted**. Encrypted messages have been changed so that only some people are able to read them. Try to use the chart to decode the message.



Before you can read this message, you will need to **decrypt** it. When you decrypt a message, you make it readable again. In order to decrypt this message, you'll need to know the **algorithm** and the **key**.



The **algorithm** is the method that you use to hide your data.



Your **key** is the code that you use in the algorithm to keep your message secret.



Algorithm: Step 1: Copy the encrypted message into the first row. (The first six bits are done for you.)

Step 2: Copy the key into the second row, and keep repeating it until the end. (The first eight bits are done for you.)

Step 3: For each bit in the third row, if the two bits above it are the same (both white or both black), color it black. Otherwise, leave it white. (The first six bits are done for you.)

Encrypted Message									
Repeated Key									
Decrypted Message									

?

Name(s))	Period	Da	ate

Activity Guide - Keeping Data Secret

What is the message? ______



Jse the sar	me algorithr	n to c	decry	pt the	e foll	owin	ig m	essa	ge.	This	time	e the	e key	is d	liffer	ent.					
											П						Ke	y:			
								<u> </u>										<u></u>		<u> </u>	
Е	Encrypted Mo	essa	ge																		
R	Repeated Ke	y																			
D	ecrypted M	essa	ge																		
	e message?						_														
epeated ke	ncrypt a mes ey on the se hite or two b	econd	l row,	and																	
√hat is yoι	ur message	? _						V	/hat	is yo	ur k	ey?								_	
_					ı	ı	ı	ı	1	,			1	ı	1	ı	1	ı		1	
U	Inencrypted	Mes	sage																		
R	Repeated Ke	;y																			
Е	incrypted Me	essa	ge																		
	ncrypted me													the	san	ne al	lgori	thmí	?		
	a Classm					one (else,	, the	n us	e the	key	to c	decry	/pt th	nat p	ersc	on's	mes	sage	bel	OW.
	Encrypted Mo	essac	ae																		
E	inci ypted ivi	ooou;	50																		
	Repeated Ke		3.0																		

Combining Representations

	. \
Name(s	3)

Period

Date

Activity Guide - Pet Records

C O E

Pet Records

A pet shelter is keeping records of all the different pets available for adoption. Each record includes the pet's age, name, and an 8x8 image representation of the pet.

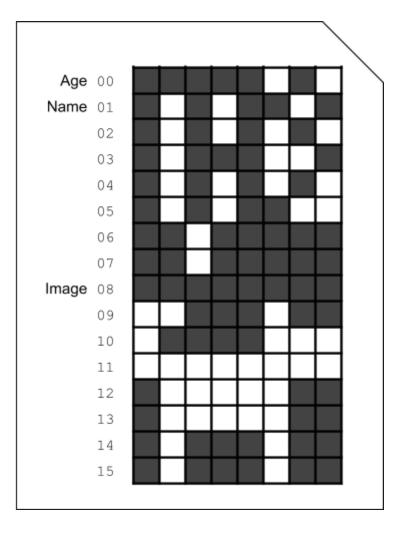
The record is stored in binary, and it's organized into 8-bit sections. Each section of 8 bits is called a **byte**.

- The first byte (00) holds the pet's age as a binary number.
- The next seven bytes (01-07) hold the pet's name. Each byte is one ASCII character.
- The next eight bytes (08-15) hold the 8x8 image of the pet.

Decode the Record

Use what you know about binary numbers and ASCII to decode the age and name of the pet described in the record to the right.





Fill out the age and name of the pet in the table below.

Age		Name		

What information can you find in the 8x8 picture?

New Record

The pet shelter decided that the image wasn't very useful, so it decided to use the space to save the weight and breed of the dog instead.

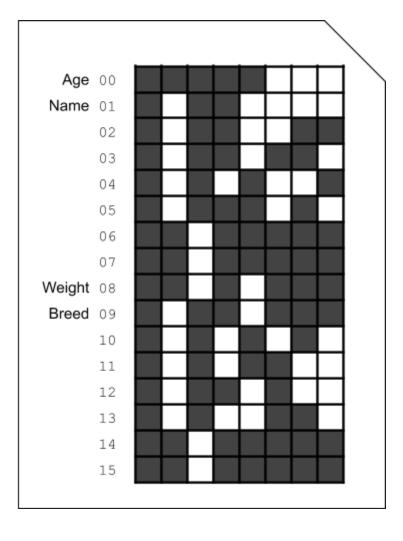
The new record is organized as follows:

- The first byte (00) holds the pet's age as a binary number.
- The next seven bytes (01-07) hold the pet's name. Each byte is one ASCII character.
- The next byte (08) holds the pet's weight in pounds as a binary number.
- The next seven bytes (09-15) hold the pet's breed. Each byte is one ASCII character.

Decode the Record

Use what you know about binary numbers and ASCII to decode the age, name, weight, and breed of the pet described in the record to the right.





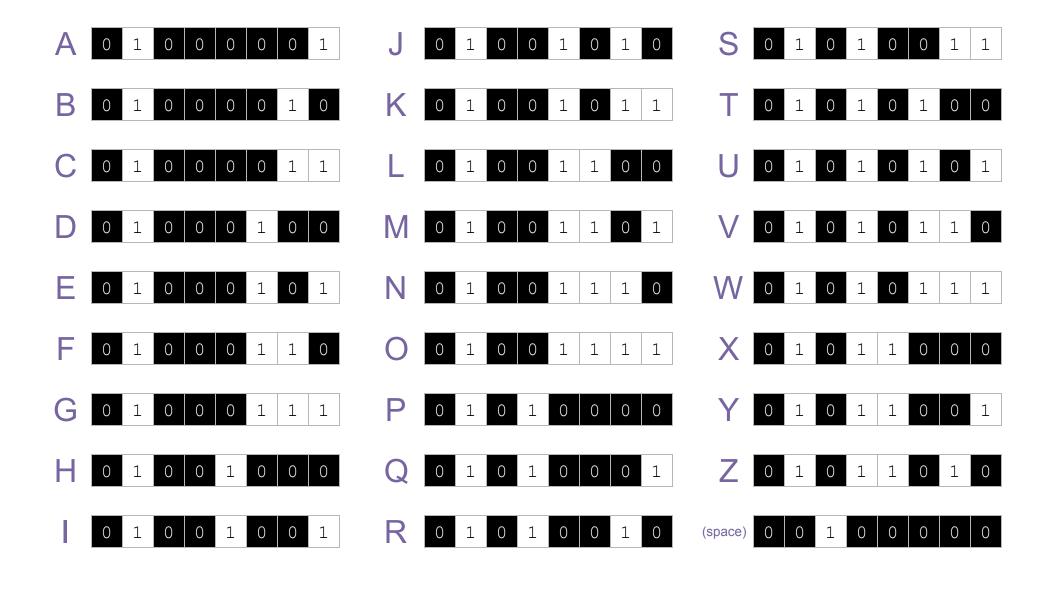
Fill out the age, name, weight, and breed of the pet in the table below.

Ag	е	Name				Weight	Breed								

What other information might someone want to put in the record?	
How would this information be encoded?	

ASCII Character to Binary Table





Create a Representation

Unit 5 Chapter 1 Project Rubric

Key Concept	Extensive Evidence	Convincing Evidence	Limited Evidence	No Evidence
Modeling and Problem Solving with Data: Develop a data-based model	The description of the perfect day clearly relates to each piece of information encoded into the representation.	The description of the perfect day relates to most pieces of information encoded.	The description of the perfect day relates to at least one piece of information encoded.	There is no relationship between the description and encoded information.
Binary Systems	The numbers and characters in the representations have been encoded and decoded correctly.	Most of the numbers and characters in the representation have been encoded and decoded correctly, with some minor errors.	Some of the numbers and characters in the representation have been encoded and decoded correctly.	The numbers and characters are not encoded or decoded correctly, or the representation is blank.
Data Encoding Systems	The representation consistently uses the numbers, characters, and images as agreed upon by the class.	The representation generally uses the numbers, characters, and images as agreed upon by the class, but may have minor inconsistencies.	The representation uses some of the numbers, characters and images as agreed on by the class.	The representation does not follow the structure as agreed upon by the class.
Modeling and Problem Solving with Data: Drawing conclusions from data	The description of the classmate's perfect day clearly relates to the information encoded into the representation.	The description of the classmate's perfect day relates to each piece of information encoded.	The description of the classmate's perfect day relates to at least one piece of information encoded.	There is no relationship between the description and the classmate's encoded information.

Name(s)	Period	Date	

Practices Reflection



How I've grown	Practice	How I want to grow
	Problem Solving	
	Persistence	
	Creativity	
	Collaboration	
	Communication	

Name(s)	Period	Date

Project Guide - Create a Representation



Overview

Representing complex objects or ideas that you care about to a computer is a challenging task. It requires you to understand how computers represent information and will always involve trade offs. For this project you will design a binary system for representing your perfect day. The challenge will be finding a class-wide system to capture all the different elements you care about.

You will...

- Write a short description of your perfect day
- Identify key elements that could be represented to a computer
- Collaborate with classmates to design a class-wide representation system
- Represent your perfect day in that system on a punch card
- Decode a classmate's perfect day punch card

You will submit...

- This completed Project Guide
- Your filled-in punch card
- Your classmates' decoded punch card and feedback

Project Steps

Step 2: Share with a Partner

Switch your description of a perfect day with a classmate. Read through your neighbor's description.

Step 3: Choose Representations

In the table below write the information you'd want to represent to the computer. Place them in the appropriate categories in the table below.

Numbers (temperature, # people present, when you wake up, etc.)	Characters (location name, type of weather, type of activity, etc.)	Images (what the location / activity / people / etc. look like)

Step 4: Review Information Choices

Meet with your partner and share how you identified different kinds of information you'd like to capture. Discuss:

- Whether you think they missed any important information
- What types of information you both have in your story. Be ready to share with the class

Step 5: Full Class Activity - Agree on Classwide Punch Card

Look at the punch card on the next page. Your class will need to decide how to use the 3 numbers, 10 characters, and single 8 by 8 image to represent your perfect day. Be ready to discuss what information will be represented by each row.

Step 6: Fill Out Punch Card

Using your class's punch card structure fill out your punch card.

Step 7: Trade and Decode Punch Cards

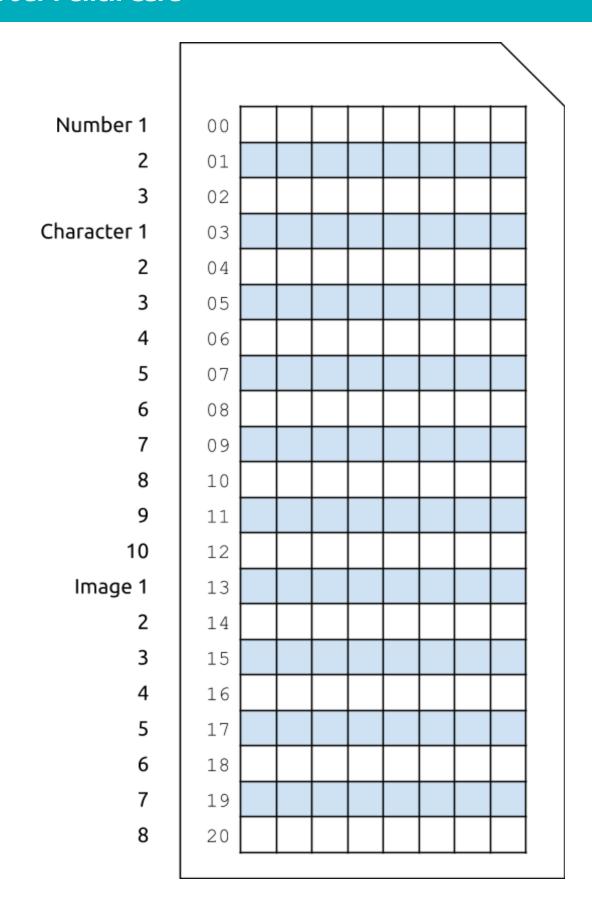
Give your punch card to a classmate you have not worked with so far. Don't tell them anything about your perfect day and have them decode your punch card.

Step 8: Reflection

Discuss with your partner how much of their perfect day you were able to understand from their punch card. What was lost in the process of representing this information in binary?

Your Punch Card





Decoder's Name:
Number Information Write what numbers you decoded and what they represent given your classwide representation system
Character Information Write what characters you decoded and what they represent given your classwide representation system
Image Information Write what you believe the image is showing
Describe Your Classmate's Perfect Day Using the information you decoded, write the best description of a perfect day that you can in the space below.
Reflection Discuss your perfect day with your partner.
What information was lost in representing the perfect day?
Why were you unable to represent that information?

Problem Solving and Data

Name (a)	Dariad	Data
Name(s)	Period	Date

Activity Guide - Solving a Data Problem

С	0
D	E

The city is planning a new building for its residents, but the city council isn't sure what it should build. Some members want a fire station, others want an animal shelter, and others want a library. Your job is to use data to make a convincing recommendation to the city council.

Define What is the problem you are trying to solve?	FRE & STATION &
Prepare	
What data do you need to solve your problem?	LIBRARY TIME
With your group, find your data on the Internet and record it here. other groups to make the best possible decision, so don't make a groups as well.	

T	۲V

What should be built in the new location?		
List two reasons for your choice, and the data that supports	that reason.	
Reason 1	Data for Reason 1	
Reason 2	Data for Reason 2	
Reflect		
What other data might help you to make a better decision?		
Where could you find this data?		

Problem Solving with Big Data

Name(s)	Period	Date
Name(s)	Penon	Dale

Activity Guide - Data in the Real World



Web Pix

Web Pix is a website where users can watch television and movies on demand. It has thousands of movies and shows and is always adding new ones.

Web Pix recommends a Top Video to each of its users every day. Your job is to collect information about your users and your videos to make the best recommendation you can for each user's Top Video.



recommendation you can for each user's Top Video.	
What kinds of information should you collect about users or videos to improve yo	ur recommendations?
2. How could you get this information?	
3. Watch the video about Netflix, and explain how it solves this problem.	
Routz Routz is a company that helps people navigate traffic. It has maps of locations all around the world and knows real-time information about traffic conditions. When you type in a destination you want to go, it will give you the best route it can find.	
Routz wants to improve its data to provide even better directions. Your job is to help the company decide what data it could collect to improve those directions. 1. What data should Routz collect to improve its recommendations?	
2. Where could it get that data?	
3. Watch the video about Waze, and explain how it solves this problem.	

Nyle

Nyle is a company that sells all kinds of products online. Users on the site can search for and order products that are interesting to them.

Advertisers would like to advertise their products on Nyle to increase sales. Ideally they would only show ads to people who are likely to buy their products.

1. What kind of information should Nyle collect about its users to make sure ads are relevant to their customers?

2. How might it collect this information?

3. Watch the video about Amazon and explain how it solves this problem.

Reflection

There are many ways that data can be collected to solve problems. Fill in as many examples from your discussions today that fall into each of the categories below.

User Actively Provided The user actively provides data and understands that their actions are providing data to the company	User Passively Provided The user might not know that their behavior on the website is generating data to solve a problem.	Sensor Data Sensors automatically collect data about the world. Usually this is not measuring anything about people.

Sometimes people do not realize that they are providing data when they use technology.			
What's one example of data from above that a user may not want to share?			
Why might a user want to keep this data private?			

Structuring Data

Name(s) Period Date

Activity Guide - Structuring Data



Pizza Party Problem

The local pizza parlor has donated a giant one-topping pizza to an eighth grade class for their annual pizza party, and they have to decide what type of topping they will order for the pizza.

Their choices are: pepperoni, sausage, barbecue chicken, green peppers, mushrooms, pineapple, and extra cheese.

Chart the Data

Pepperoni

Use the data to make a bar chart that shows how many votes each topping received.

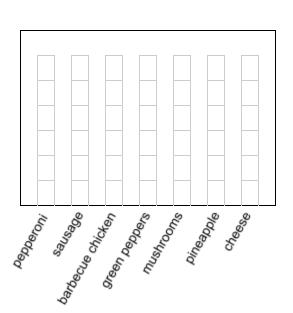
Pinapple

Cheese	Peppers
Bbq chicken	Green peppers
Sausage	Pepperonni
Mushrooms	Mushrooms
I will be absent :(I don't like pizza.
Bbq chicken	Pepperoni
Pineapple	Cheese
Olives	Bbq chicken
Anything is good.	Pizza party!!!!
Just cheese	Pepperoni

Sausage No meat, please!

Four

Barbecue chicken Pepperoni



Hardest to Categorize

Cheese

Sometimes it can be hard to figure out what to do with some of your data. Choose two votes that were hard to put into the chart. For each vote, explain what made it hard and what you finally did with the answer.

Vote	It was hard because	I decided to
Vote	It was hard because	I decided to

Unit 5 Lesson 12

Making Decisions with Data

Resources

Name(s)	Period	Date

Decision 1 - When to Post



Define

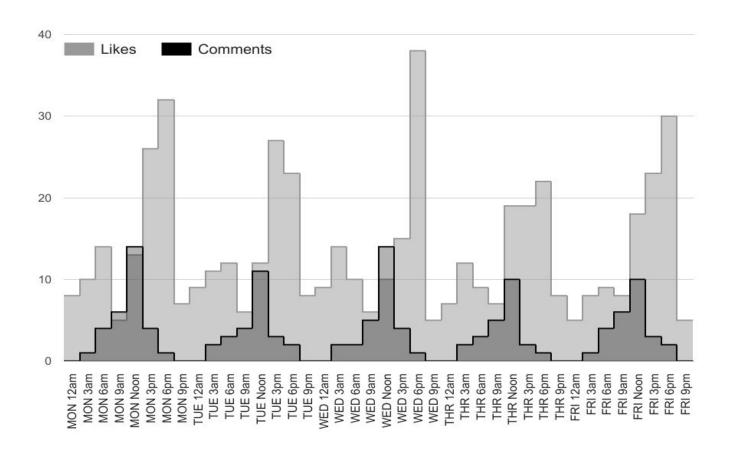
You want to know when to post a picture online to get the greatest response.

Ргераге

To answer this question you and your friends posted images to your favorite apps for a week. You kept track of likes and comments to see if there were any different patterns.

Тгу

You collected information about when you made a post and how many likes and comments you received. Average likes and comments for each time to post are shown below.



Reflect

Now it's your turn to help. Can you make a recommendation for what time to post:

- If you want to most likes?

Decision 2 - Making Meals

С	0
D	E

Define

The cafeteria would like to decide how best to reduce their food waste after noticing they are throwing out food each day.

Ргераге

To answer their question the cafeteria decided to collect information about the number of meals prepared, daily attendance, the type of meal, and the number of meals eaten vs. wasted.

Тгу

The cafeteria collected this data and created the chart below.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Meal	Pizza	Hamburgers	Chicken Fingers	Salad	Grilled Cheese
Meals Prepared	100	100	100	100	100
Attendance	85	90	90	95	85
Meals Eaten	80	82	88	75	80
Meals Wasted	20	18	12	25	20

Reflect

Now it's your turn to help. Can you make a recommendation for how the cafeteria could reduce food waste?

•	How many meals should they prepare each day?
•	Should they vary how many meals they make based on the meal served or attendance?
•	Is there more information you'd want to collect to make your decision?

Decision 3 - Locker Selection

С	0
D	E

Define

Starting next year your school has decided to allow you to choose your own locker so that it's most convenient for your schedule. You need to make a data driven decision to decide which locker you're going to request.

Ргераге

To answer their question you and your friends collected some information about how long it takes you to walk from each locker to your classes by walking through the halls with a stopwatch.



Тгу

Here's the data you collected.

	Time to 1st Period	Time to 2nd Period	Time to 3rd Period	Time to 4th Period	Time to 5th Period	Average Time (Go to locker all periods)	Average Time (Skip locker on "Bad" periods)	Most Classes of Books You'll Carry if you skip "Bad" periods
Locker A	1 min (Good)	2 mins (Good)	5 mins (Bad)	5 mins (Bad)	1 min (Good)	2.8 mins	1.3 mins	3 periods
Locker B	2 mins (Good)	3 mins (OK)	2 mins (Good)	4 mins (OK)	3 mins (OK)	2.8 mins	2.8 mins	1 period
Locker C	6 mins (Bad)	1 min (Good)	6 mins (Bad)	1 min (Good)	6 mins (Bad)	4.0 mins	1 min	2 periods
Locker D	0 mins (Good)	5 mins (Bad)	5 mins (Bad)	1 min (Good)	1 min (Good)	2.4 mins	.6 min	3 periods

Reflect

Now it's time to make a decision. Discuss with your group and decide:

•	Which locker do you want?
•	Why? What data convinced you?
•	Are there other pieces of data that you'd also like to see before making a decision?

Unit 5 Lesson 13

Interpreting Data

Resources

Name(s	Period	Date

A 4 • • 4	•		•	
Activity		FOFDEC	FIDA	
ALLIVIL				
	,			

С	0
D	Е

	Dog	Cat	Bird	Snake	If someone likes cats, what activity is likely their
Camping					favorite?
Art					What is one more interesting relationship between favorite pet and favorite activity?
Video Games					avonto pot ana lavonto astivity.
Music					
	1		4		
Pets and Spo	rts				What are two interesting relationships between favorit
	Dog	Cat	Bird	Snake	pet and favorite sport?
Swimming					1
Soccer					
Basketball					2
Volleyball					2.
Activities an	d Sports				
	Camping	Art	Video Games	Music	What are two interesting relationships between favorit activity and favorite sport?
Swimming					1
Soccer					
Basketball					2
Volleyball					

They deale relation inpo between these type of data help you to address a real world problem.						

Resource - Survey Results



Preferences Survey

Twenty five people took a survey about their preferences, and the results are included in the chart below. You can use the results of this survey to find relationships between the respondents' preferences.

1CatArtSoccer2CatArtBasketball3DogVideo GamesSoccer4CatArtSoccer5DogVideo GamesSoccer6SnakeVideo GamesSoccer7DogMusicSoccer8SnakeMusicVolleyball9SnakeCampingBasketball10BirdCampingBasketball11DogMusicVolleyball12BirdMusicSoccer13CatVideo GamesSwimming14DogCampingSwimming15DogMusicBasketball16CatArtBasketball17SnakeCampingVolleyball18DogCampingSwimming19DogMusicBasketball20CatArtBasketball21DogMusicSwimming22DogVideo GamesSwimming23CatMusicSwimming24CatMusicSwimming25DogMusicSwimming	#	Favorite Pet	Favorite Activity	Favorite Sport
3DogVideo GamesSoccer4CatArtSoccer5DogVideo GamesSoccer6SnakeVideo GamesSoccer7DogMusicSoccer8SnakeMusicVolleyball9SnakeCampingBasketball10BirdCampingBasketball11DogMusicVolleyball12BirdMusicSoccer13CatVideo GamesSwimming14DogCampingSwimming15DogMusicBasketball16CatArtBasketball17SnakeCampingVolleyball18DogCampingSwimming19DogMusicBasketball20CatArtBasketball21DogMusicSwimming22DogVideo GamesSwimming23CatMusicSwimming24CatMusicSwimming	1	Cat	Art	Soccer
4 Cat Art Soccer 5 Dog Video Games Soccer 6 Snake Video Games Soccer 7 Dog Music Soccer 8 Snake Music Volleyball 9 Snake Camping Basketball 10 Bird Camping Basketball 11 Dog Music Soccer 13 Cat Video Games Swimming 14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Swimming 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Soccer 10 Cat Art Basketball 11 Snake Camping Swimming 12 Swimming Swimming 13 Cat Art Basketball 14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Swimming 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	2	Cat	Art	Basketball
5DogVideo GamesSoccer6SnakeVideo GamesSoccer7DogMusicSoccer8SnakeMusicVolleyball9SnakeCampingBasketball10BirdCampingBasketball11DogMusicVolleyball12BirdMusicSoccer13CatVideo GamesSwimming14DogCampingSwimming15DogMusicBasketball16CatArtBasketball17SnakeCampingVolleyball18DogCampingSwimming19DogMusicBasketball20CatArtBasketball21DogMusicSwimming22DogVideo GamesSwimming23CatMusicSwimming24CatMusicSwimming	3	Dog	Video Games	Soccer
6 Snake Video Games Soccer 7 Dog Music Soccer 8 Snake Music Volleyball 9 Snake Camping Basketball 10 Bird Camping Basketball 11 Dog Music Volleyball 12 Bird Music Soccer 13 Cat Video Games Swimming 14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 17 Snake Camping Volleyball 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Basketball 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	4	Cat	Art	Soccer
7DogMusicSoccer8SnakeMusicVolleyball9SnakeCampingBasketball10BirdCampingBasketball11DogMusicVolleyball12BirdMusicSoccer13CatVideo GamesSwimming14DogCampingSwimming15DogMusicBasketball16CatArtBasketball17SnakeCampingVolleyball18DogCampingSwimming19DogMusicBasketball20CatArtBasketball21DogMusicSwimming22DogVideo GamesSwimming23CatMusicSwimming24CatMusicSwimming	5	Dog	Video Games	Soccer
8 Snake Music Volleyball 9 Snake Camping Basketball 10 Bird Camping Basketball 11 Dog Music Volleyball 12 Bird Music Soccer 13 Cat Video Games Swimming 14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Swimming 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Basketball 22 Dog Music Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	6	Snake	Video Games	Soccer
9 Snake Camping Basketball 10 Bird Camping Basketball 11 Dog Music Volleyball 12 Bird Music Soccer 13 Cat Video Games Swimming 14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Volleyball 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Basketball 22 Dog Music Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	7	Dog	Music	Soccer
10 Bird Camping Basketball 11 Dog Music Volleyball 12 Bird Music Soccer 13 Cat Video Games Swimming 14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Volleyball 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	8	Snake	Music	Volleyball
11 Dog Music Volleyball 12 Bird Music Soccer 13 Cat Video Games Swimming 14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Swimming 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Basketball 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	9	Snake	Camping	Basketball
12 Bird Music Soccer 13 Cat Video Games Swimming 14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Volleyball 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	10	Bird	Camping	Basketball
13CatVideo GamesSwimming14DogCampingSwimming15DogMusicBasketball16CatArtBasketball17SnakeCampingVolleyball18DogCampingSwimming19DogMusicBasketball20CatArtBasketball21DogMusicSwimming22DogVideo GamesSwimming23CatMusicSwimming24CatMusicSwimming	11	Dog	Music	Volleyball
14 Dog Camping Swimming 15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Volleyball 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	12	Bird	Music	Soccer
15 Dog Music Basketball 16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Volleyball 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	13	Cat	Video Games	Swimming
16 Cat Art Basketball 17 Snake Camping Volleyball 18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	14	Dog	Camping	Swimming
17SnakeCampingVolleyball18DogCampingSwimming19DogMusicBasketball20CatArtBasketball21DogMusicSwimming22DogVideo GamesSwimming23CatMusicSwimming24CatMusicSwimming	15	Dog	Music	Basketball
18 Dog Camping Swimming 19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	16	Cat	Art	Basketball
19 Dog Music Basketball 20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	17	Snake	Camping	Volleyball
20 Cat Art Basketball 21 Dog Music Swimming 22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	18	Dog	Camping	Swimming
21DogMusicSwimming22DogVideo GamesSwimming23CatMusicSwimming24CatMusicSwimming	19	Dog	Music	Basketball
22 Dog Video Games Swimming 23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	20	Cat	Art	Basketball
23 Cat Music Swimming 24 Cat Music Swimming	21	Dog	Music	Swimming
24 Cat Music Swimming	22	Dog	Video Games	Swimming
	23	Cat	Music	Swimming
25 Dog Music Swimming	24	Cat	Music	Swimming
	25	Dog	Music	Swimming

Unit 5 Lesson 14

Automating Data Decisions

Resources

Name(s	Period	Date

Resource - Automating Data Decisions

С	0
D	E

Making Rules from Data

Someone has given a survey and put the results in the following tables. Use the information to decide what rules you want for your algorithm.

Vacation and Food

7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2				
	Beach	Amusement Park	Big City	National Park
Ice Cream	5	2	1	1
Pizza	1	2	2	1
Salad	-	-	1	5
Sandwiches	2	1	-	3

Vacation and Superpower

racación ana saparpona.				
	Beach	Amusement Park	Big City	National Park
Flying	3	1	-	4
Invisibility	-	-	3	3
Super Strength	-	1	-	2
Teleport	5	2	1	-

Vacation and Animal

	Beach	Amusement Park	Big City	National Park
Wolf	2	1	1	3
Whale	2	-	-	2
Mouse	-	3	2	-
Dog	4	-	2	4

Name(s	Period	Date

Activity Guide - Automating Data Decisions

С	0
D	E



Choosing a Vacation

You're going to create an algorithm that will help your classmates choose a good vacation spot based on data that you collect about their preferences. You can suggest the **beach**, an **amusement park**, a **national park**, or a **big city**. After you create your algorithm, you'll try it out on three of your classmates.

Your Algorithm

Your algorithm will use the answers that a user gives to assign points to different types of vacation. For each possible answer to the question, decide how many points each location will get. The location with the most points after asking the three questions will be where your user should go on vacation.



The first one is done for you, but you can change it if you disagree.

	Answer	Instructions			
What is you	What is your favorite food?				
	Ice cream	Add 2 points to beach. Add I point to amusement park.			
	Pizza				
	Salad				
	Sandwiches				
Which is th	e best superpower?				
	Flying				
	Invisibility				
	Super Strength				
	Teleport				
Which anin	nal do you like the best?				
	Wolf				
	Whale				
	Mouse				
	Dog				

Testing Your Algorithm

Now, try your algorithm by asking two of your classmates to answer the questions and adding up the points to find the suggested vacation spot.



Classmate 1

Answer 1:	Answer 2:	Answer 3:		
Beach Points	Amusement Park Points	National Park Points	Big City Points	
What is the recommended spe	ot?			
Classmate 2				
Answer 1:	Answer 2:	Answer 3:		
Beach Points	Amusement Park Points	National Park Points	Big City Points	
What is the recommended spe	ot?			
	Reflection Did you agree with the suggestions that your algorithm made? Why or why not?			
How could you improve this algorithm so that it could make better recommendations?				
What is a disadvantage of a computer making a decision automatically?				
What's a type of decision that you not want a computer to make automatically?				

Unit 5 Lesson 15

Project - Make a Recommendation

Resources

Peer Review - Make a Recommendation



Creator's Name:	
One thing I want feedback on is	
Reviewer Section	
Reviewer's Name:	_

Evidence I Found	Types of Evidence	Ideas for More
	The problem is well-defined, including a question that the recommender will answer. Steps of the process clearly relate back to the problem.	
	The data is analyzed using the cross tabulation tables, and at least five relevant conclusions are drawn from each relationship between the types of data.	
	The algorithm includes at least five rules that clearly relate back to the results and conclusions drawn from the cross tabulation tables.	
	At least four types of data to be collected are clearly identified, a survey is designed to collect the needed data, and choices around the data collection process are explained in the presentation.	
	The algorithm is tested at least three times, and any feedback from the users is taken into consideration, with an explanation of why it should or should not result in changes to the algorithm.	

Free Response Feedback	
I like	
I wish	
What if	
Creator's Reflection	

2. What piece of feedback surprised you the most? Why?

3. Based on feedback, what changes will you make to your app proposal?

Unit 5 Chapter 2 Project Rubric

Key Concept	Extensive Evidence	Convincing Evidence	Limited Evidence	No Evidence
Modeling and Problem Solving with Data: Data-based Problem Solving	The problem is well-defined, including a question that the recommender will answer. Steps of the process clearly and consistently relate back to the problem.	The problem is defined, including a question that the recommender will answer. Steps or the process relate back to the problem.	The problem is described, but may not have enough detail to understand the particular question that the recommender will answer.	The problem is not defined.
Modeling and Problem Solving with Data: Draw Conclusions with Data	The data is analyzed using cross tabulation, and at least five relevant conclusions are drawn from each relationship between the types of data.	Most of the data is analyzed using cross tabulation, and at least three relevant conclusions are draw from relationships between the types of data.	Some of the data is analyzed using cross tabulation, and at least one relevant conclusion is drawn from the relationships between the types of data.	Relationships between the data are not analyzed or no relevant conclusions are drawn from them.
Modeling and Problem Solving with Data: Automated Decision Making	The algorithm includes at least five rules that clearly and consistently relate back to the results and conclusions drawn from the cross tabulation.	The algorithm includes at least five rules that relate back to the conclusions drawn from the cross tabulation.	The algorithm includes multiple rules, but their relationship to the conclusions drawn from cross tabulation may be unclear or inconsistent.	There are no rules, or the rules do not relate to any conclusions from the data.
Data	At least four types of data to be collected are clearly identified, a survey is designed to collect the needed data, and choices around the data collection process are justified in the presentation.	At least four types of data to be collected are clearly identified, and a survey is designed to collect the needed data.	Some types data needed to solve the problem are identified, and a survey is designed to collect data.	Data was not identified or a survey was not designed.
Modeling and Problem Solving with Data: Develop a Data-based Model	The algorithm is tested at least three times, and any feedback from the users is taken into consideration, with an explanation of why it should or should not result in changes to the algorithm.	The algorithm is tested multiple times, and feedback is recorded and taken into consideration when listing potential revision to the algorithm.	The algorithm is tested, but feedback may not be recorded or taken into consideration when listing potential revisions to the algorithm.	There is no testing.

Name(s)	Period	Date	

Practices Reflection



How I've grown	Practice	How I want to grow
	Problem Solving	
	Persistence	
	Creativity	
	Collaboration	
	Communication	

Name(s) Period Date

Project Guide - Solve a Data Problem



Overview

In this unit you've seen how data can be used to solve all kinds of problems. Now it's your turn to use data to help someone. In this project, you will use data to make a recommendation to a classmate.

You will...

- Work with a partner
- Define a problem that could be addressed by a recommendation
- Identify the data you need and create a survey to collect it
- Interpret the data to find relationships between survey answers

Before you start your project, look at the example recommendation app online.

- Create an algorithm to make a prediction based on data
- Test your algorithm
- Present your work to your classmates

You will submit...

- Completed Project Guide (this document)
- Completed Peer Review
- Any materials used to present your work

Starting Off

What choice does the app help the user to make?
What data does it use to make that recommendation?
How do you think the creators of the app decided on the algorithm that they used to make the choice?



Project Steps

Step 1 - Define Your Problem

In the sample app, the recommender helped the user to decide where to go on vacation. With your partner, decide what type of problem your recommender will solve.

What question will your recommender ans		Reflect Try
	ahaa aa faan O	
What possible recommendations should it	choose from?	
1	3	
2	4	

Step 2 - Decide What Data You Need

In the sample app, the recommender used data about a user's food, superpower and animal preferences to decide what to recommend.



What data might help you make a recommendation?

Type of Data Describe the kind of information you want to collect	Possible Questions and Answers Describe the questions and answer choices you might put in a survey

Step 3 - Create Your Survey

Look at the kinds of data you've decided you need to collect. Use them to create survey questions

Question 1		Reflect Try
Answer Choices		
1.	3.	
2.	4.	
Question 2		
Answer Choices		
1.	3.	
2.	4.	
Question 3		
Answer Choices		
1.	3.	
2.	4.	
To figure out how these answers relate their preference for what you want to red	o the recommendation you want to make, ommend.	you'll also need to ask everyone
Answer Choices		
1.	3.	
2.	4.	

Step 4 - Collect Your Survey Data

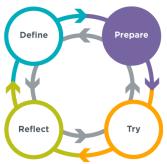
Now that you have a survey, you're ready to collect your data. Give your survey to at least twenty different people, and record their answers here. You'll use this data to figure out how the answers to the first three questions can predict a person's preference.



#	Answer 1	Answer 2	Answer 3	Preference
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				

Step 5 - Interpret your Data

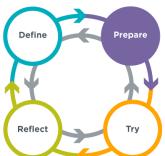
Use cross tabulation to find out how the answers to each of the three questions relate to the preference that you want to recommend. Label each chart with the question you asked, then fill it in with the answers in with the answers from the survey. Once you've put your data into the table, try to find some relationships that will help you make your recommendation algorithm.



Question 1	Reflect
	What relationships could help you make a rule?
	1
	2
uestion 2	
	What relationships could help you make a rule?
	1
	2
uestion 3	
	What relationships could help you make a rule?
	1
	2

Step 6 - Define your Algorithm

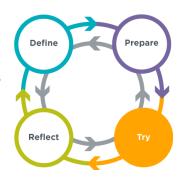
Now that you've found some interesting relationships between the answers to the questions and user preferences, you can use them to make your algorithm. For each question, list the possible answer choices and explain the instructions for adding points to the relevant recommendation choices.



Answer	Instructions
1	
2	
3	
	Answer

Step 7: Try out your Algorithm

Test your algorithm by trying to make a recommendation for three classmates who did not take your original survey. For each classmate, list the four possible recommendations in the first row of the table, then use the second row to tally the points each recommendation gets from that classmate's survey answers.



Classmate 1

Answer 1:	Answer 2	<u>}:</u>		_ Answer 3:	
Recommendation					
Points					
What is the recommend	ation?				
Classmate 2					
Answer 1:	Answer 2	2:		_ Answer 3:	
Recommendation					
Points					
What is the recommend	ation?				
Classmate 3					
Answer 1:	Answer 2	<u>}:</u>		_ Answer 3:	
Recommendation					
Points					
What is the recommend	ation?				
Did your users agree with the recommendations that you made? Explain.					
Are there any changes that you think you should make to your algorithm?					

Step 8: Peer Review

Your teacher will provide you with a Peer Review sheet. Trade projects with another group and complete the peer review. As part of this process you should develop new ideas for how you can improve your recommendation.

Step 9: Finalize and Present

Based on the results of your peer feedback make any additions or changes you need to make to how you defined your problem, the data you want to collect, or the way it will be analyzed. Then prepare a presentation of your solution to share with your peers. It should include:

- What choice you are helping the user to make
- The types of data you collect to help the user make that choice
- The relationships that you found when interpreting your survey data
- The way you used this information to create your recommendation algorithm
- The results of testing the algorithm on users

You should be able to find all this information inside your project guide.

